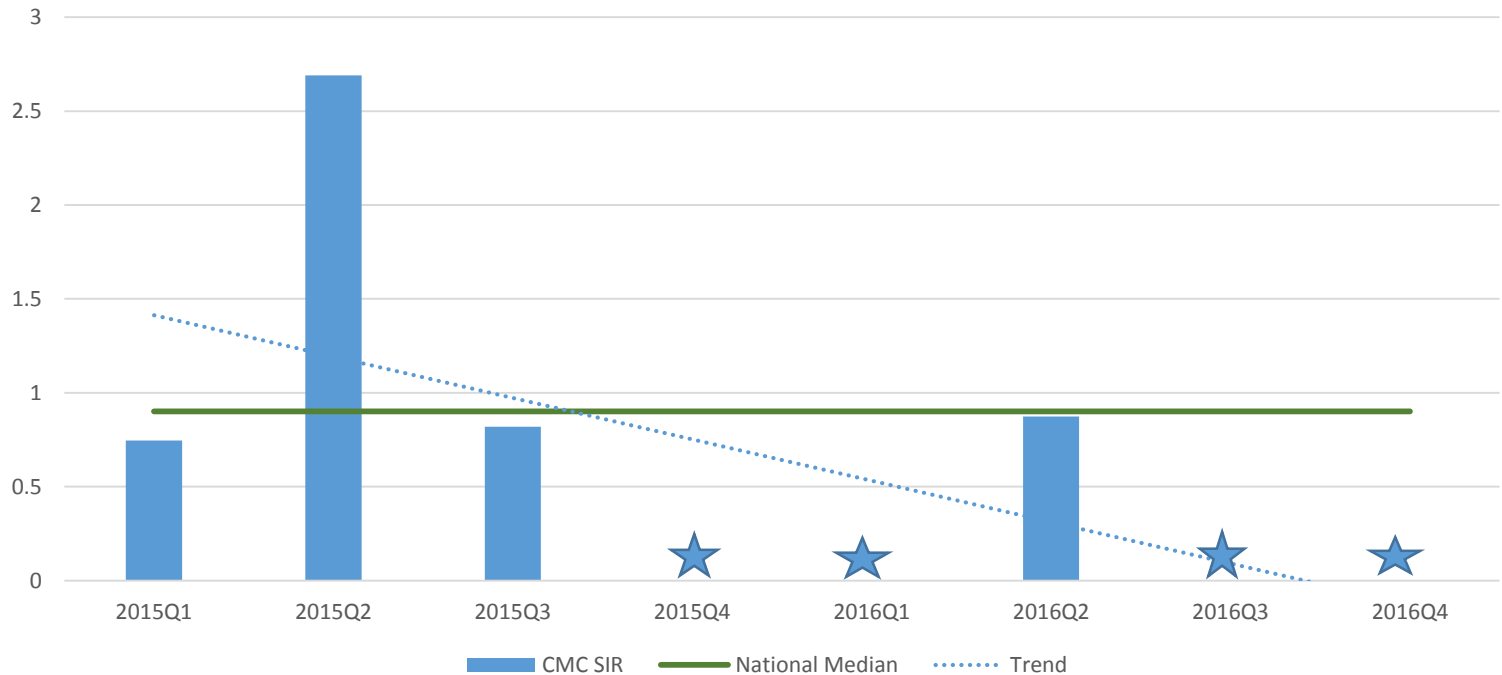



Chilton Medical Center Central Line Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI)

CLABSI SIR
(LOWER is Better)



 Zero infections

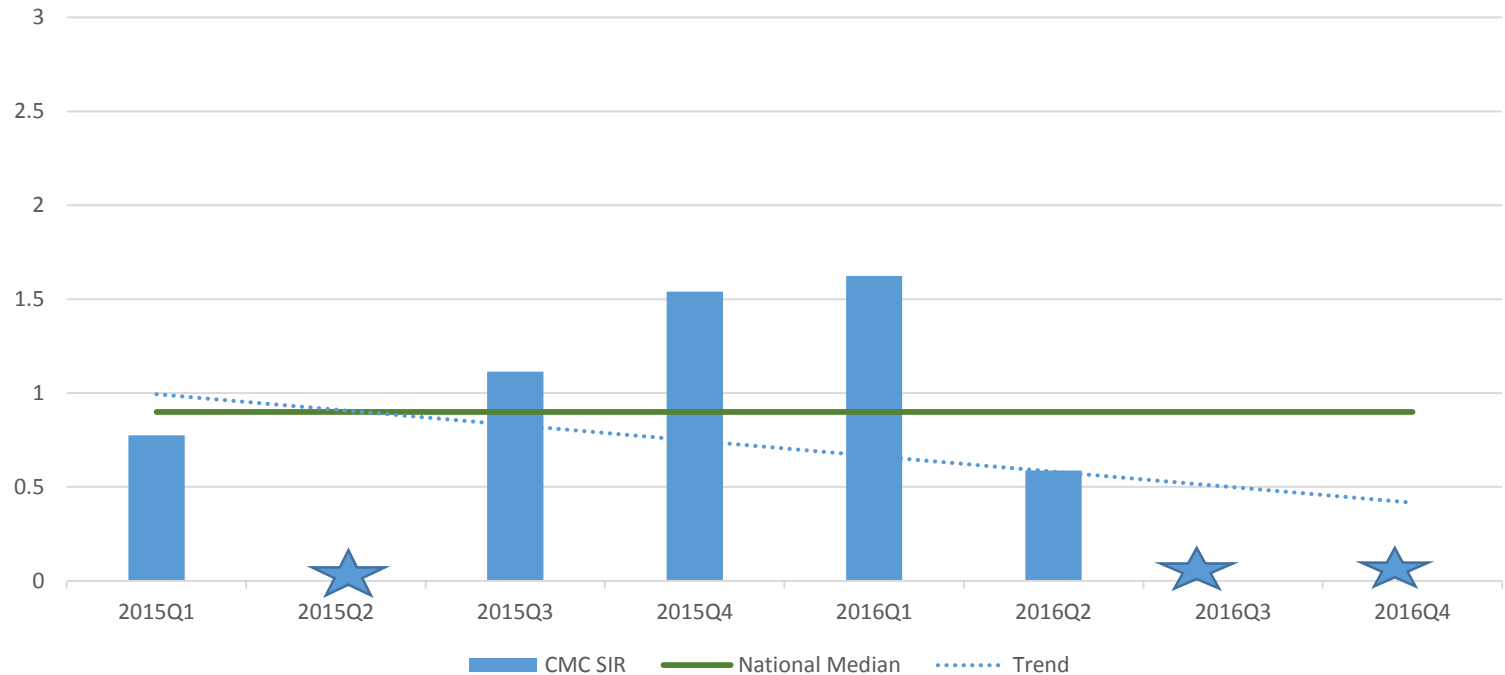
The standardized infection ratio (SIR) compares the actual number of healthcare associated infections at each hospital, to the predicted number of infections.


An SIR greater than 1.0 indicates that more HAIs were observed than predicted; conversely, **an SIR less than 1.0 indicates that fewer HAIs were observed than predicted.**



Chilton Medical Center Catheter Associated Urinary Tract Infections (CAUTI)

CAUTI SIR
(LOWER is Better)



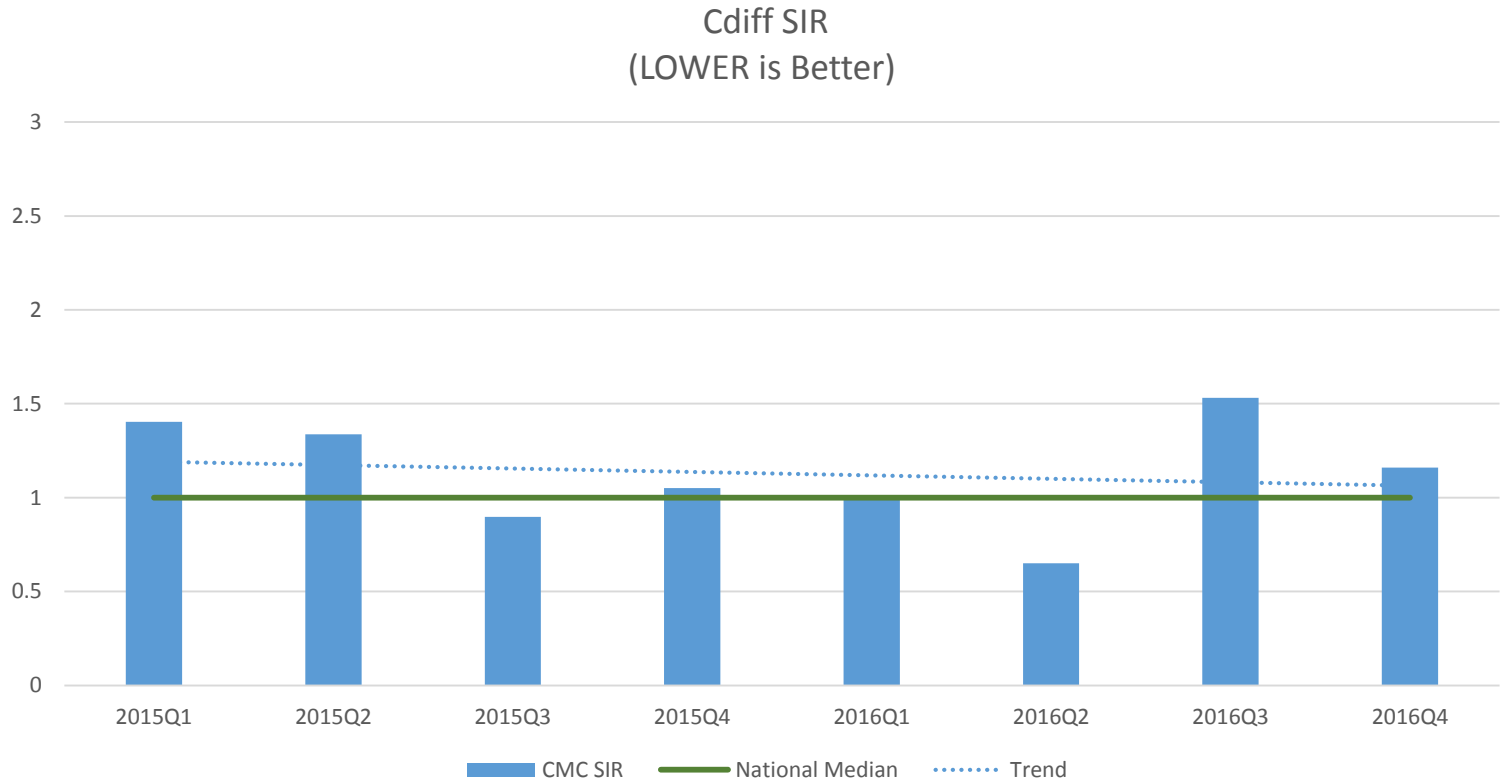
 Zero infections

The standardized infection ratio (SIR) compares the actual number of healthcare associated infections at each hospital, to the predicted number of infections.

An SIR greater than 1.0 indicates that more HAIs were observed than predicted; conversely, **an SIR less than 1.0 indicates that fewer HAIs were observed than predicted.**



Chilton Medical Center Clostridium difficile (C. diff)



The standardized infection ratio (SIR) compares the actual number of healthcare associated infections at each hospital, to the predicted number of infections.

An SIR greater than 1.0 indicates that more HAIs were observed than predicted; conversely, ***an SIR less than 1.0 indicates that fewer HAIs were observed than predicted.***

